

**AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS**

This listing of claims replaces all prior versions of claims in the application.

1. (Currently Amended): A hydrogen storage alloy material, comprising:

a composition, in atomic %, expressed by the following formula: ~~Zr<sub>100-a-b</sub>Pd<sub>a</sub>M<sub>b</sub>~~

Zr<sub>100-a-b</sub>Pd<sub>a</sub>Ni<sub>b</sub> (wherein  $15 \leq a \leq 40$ ,  $2 < b \leq 10$ , ~~and M is at least one metal selected from the group consisting of Pt, Au, Fe, Co and Ni~~),

wherein said hydrogen storage alloy material has a structure where said Pd, said ~~metal M~~-Ni and one or more compounds thereof are dispersed in a parent phase of ZrO<sub>2</sub> in the form of ultrafine particles, and

wherein said hydrogen storage alloy material being prepared by subjecting an amorphous alloy to a heat treatment in air or an oxygen atmosphere.

2. (Original): The hydrogen storage alloy material as defined in claim 1, which exhibits a hydrogen storage amount of 2.5 weight % or more in a weight ratio relative to Pd contained in said hydrogen storage alloy material.

3. (Previously Presented): The hydrogen storage alloy material as defined in claim 1 or 2, wherein the hydrogen storage alloy material is included in a hydrogen storage/transportation container.

4. (Currently Amended): A method for producing the hydrogen storage alloy material as defined in claim 1, comprising:

preparing a melt of a master alloy formed through a melting process;

rapidly solidifying said melt at a cooling rate of  $10^4$  K/s or more to form said amorphous alloy; and

subjecting said amorphous alloy to an oxidizing heat treatment in air or an oxygen atmosphere at 250 to 350°C to selectively oxidize said alloy element Zr so as to allow said Pd, said ~~metal M~~ Ni and one or more compounds thereof to be dispersed in a parent phase of  $\text{ZrO}_2$  in the form of nanoparticle-size ultrafine particles.